

Adapted from Jacobson, S. A., & Jacobson, A. W. (1995). A practical grammar of the Central Alaskan Yup'ik Eskimo language.

Vowels and '

- a Ca like a in English "father"
- **e Meq** an "uh" sound like English a in "about"
- i Kita like i in English "machine", like English "hit" when next to a back velar like in cakiq
- **U Yugtun** like u in English "dude", like English "thought" when next to a back velar like in alug

aa, ii, & uu are pronounced longer than a, i, & u as in maani, ii, and calissuun

'- Ma'urluq/mit'uq/tep'lek separates vowels, lengthens consonants, and changes pronunciations of consonant combinations that would read differently otherwise

Terms

Labial

Sounds made with the lips

Front Velar

Sounds made by touching the soft part of the roof of the mouth

Apical

Sounds made with the tip of the tongue Back Velar Sounds made by touching the uvula or near it